

specimens from Guatemala in Mr. Ridgway's paper (p. 98) are *G. griseiceps* and not *G. pumilum*.

GLAUCIDIUM GRISEICEPS, sp. n.

Characters of the species.—*Back* uniform, with no whitish mottlings. *Upper tail-coverts* uniform with back, but having slight indications of fulvous mottlings. *Tail* not banded, but having from five to six rows of small white spots, inclining to bands on the inner web. *Head* minutely dotted with buffy white. *Sides of upper breast* rufous-brown, with very distinct white spots. Slight rufous collar round hind neck.

Young. Head uniform grey, with a few fulvous streaks on the forehead: tail blackish, with five rows of small ochraceous spots.

	Total length.	Wing.	Tail.	Tarsus.
<i>a, juv.</i> Veragua (<i>Arcè</i>)	5·6	3·4	2·25	0·7
<i>b, ad.</i> Guatemala	5·6	3·55	2·4	0·7
<i>c, ad.</i> Chisec, Guatemala (<i>O. Salvin</i>) ..	5·5	3·4	2·35	0·7
<i>d, ad.</i> Choctum (<i>O. Salvin</i>)	5·5	3·4	2·3	0·7
<i>e, ad.</i> " "	5·5	3·45	2·25	0·7
<i>f, ad.</i> " "	5·3	3·45	2·2	0·7
<i>g, ♂ ad.</i> " "	3·5	3·45	2·3	0·7

This new species is allied to *G. pumilum*, and has been identified with that species by Mr. Ridgway and others, but it differs in several characters: the tail-bands are five or six, the head at all ages greyish, contrasting forcibly with the back, and the rufous collar is often obsolete or absent; the tail, instead of having large round spots, has white markings of small size and rather inclining to bars; the whole tone of the plumage is more umber and not so rufous as the Brazilian bird; and this is especially true of the under surface, where the sides of the breast are conspicuously spotted with white.

This bird represents *G. pumilum* and *G. gnoma* in Central America, and is intermediate between the two species; but there can be no doubt that it is specifically distinct from both.

GLAUCIDIUM NANUM.

Characters of the species.—*Female* of decidedly larger bulk than the *male*, and rather browner. *Back* everywhere mot-