

*S. brasiliانو* plumis auricularibus longis, harum pogonio interno pallido facilè distinguendus. Long. tot. 10·5 poll., alæ 7·8.

*Hab.* Southern Brazil.

†SCOPS RORAIMÆ, n. sp.

*S. similis S. guatemalæ*, sed minor, et ab hac specie et a *S. brasiliانو* maculis quadratis albis primariorum distinguendus. Long. tot. 8·0 poll., alæ 5·9.

*Hab.* Roraima, British Guiana.

Mr. SALVIN also wished to describe a new species of *Selasphorus* from Costa Rica as

†SELASPHORUS UNDERWOODI, n. sp.

*S. ardenti* similis, reatricibus mediis ferè ad apicem utrinque rufo marginatis, areâ medianâ angustiore purpureo-nigricante et ad apicem viridi leviter lavatâ; rostro multo brevior. Long. tota circa 2·9 poll., alæ 1·45, caudæ 1·05, rostri a rictu 0·55.

*Hab.* Irazu, Costa Rica (*C. F. Underwood*).

*Obs.* Mr. Underwood has sent us a single male specimen of this *Selasphorus*, which he shot on the Volcano of Irazu on the 20th Nov., 1896. At first I thought it a fully adult specimen of *Selasphorus ardens*, but its short bill (0·55 instead of 0·65) and slightly differently coloured tail have convinced me that it is a local form of that bird which may well be separated. The colouring of the throat is slightly tarnished, that of the type of *S. ardens* being very bright, some of the feathers not being fully grown; they are, however, rather longer in the present bird, due, no doubt, to their being fully grown. The types of *S. ardens*, which, I believe, are still the only examples known, came from Castillo, in the State of Panama.

On behalf of Mr. G. H. CATON HAIGH, Mr. SAUNDERS exhibited a specimen of the Water-Pipit (*Anthus spipoletta*), shot near the mouth, and on the Carnarvonshire side, of the Glaslyn, North Wales, on the 5th of this month by Mr Haigh. This was the first recorded occurrence for the west side of Great Britain. Mr. Saunders called attention to the fact